



Purpose & progress

Provident Financial plc
2019 preliminary results

Today's presentation

Highlights and operational progress

Malcolm Le May

Financial review

Simon Thomas

Strategy and outlook

Malcolm Le May

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Contacts



Malcolm Le May - CEO



Simon Thomas - CFO

Highlights and operational progress

Malcolm Le May
Chief Executive Officer



Continued good operational and financial recovery of the group

- Group adjusted profit before tax up 1.6% to £162.6m
- Continued strengthening of regulatory relationships and positive progress on delivering cultural change
- FCA investigations at Vanquis Bank and Moneybarn both now complete
- Strategic initiatives well underway to deliver the group's 'Vision for the Future' and medium-term financial targets
- Agreement of a £275m bilateral securitisation facility in early January 2020 to fund Moneybarn's business flows
- Funding headroom to mid-2022
- Regulatory capital headroom of c.£90m at 1 January 2020
- Final dividend of 16p per share, up 60%
- Total dividend per share of 25p per share, up 150% and representing dividend cover of 1.9 times

Group adjusted profit before tax

£162.6m (+1.6%)

Final dividend per share

16p (+60%)

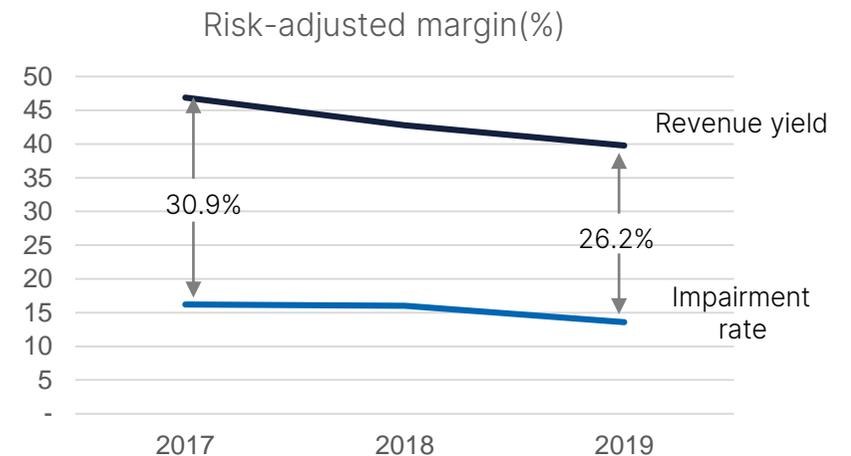
Total dividend per share

25p (+150%)

Operational progress – Vanquis Bank



- Strengthened management team under the leadership of Neil Chandler
- Higher minimum payments and recommended payments in response to CCMS measures on persistent debt
- Continued development of distribution channels and data driven decisioning maintained volumes despite tighter underwriting
- Changes to interest and fee structures
- Successful introduction of chatbot to automate customer SMS conversations
- Increased focus on cost efficiency
- ROP refund programme completed and FCA has confirmed the programme is now closed

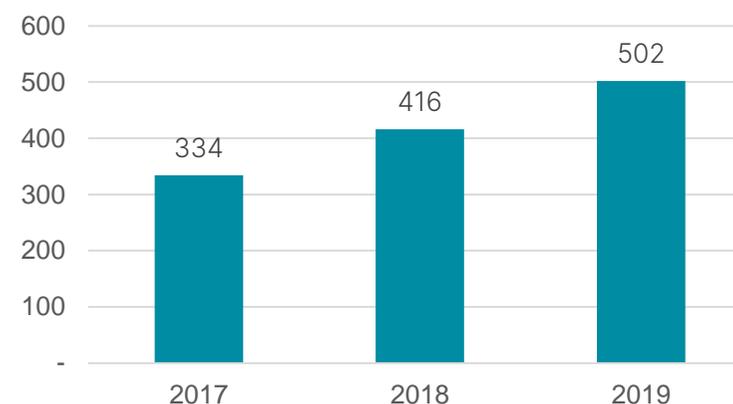


Operational progress – Moneybarn

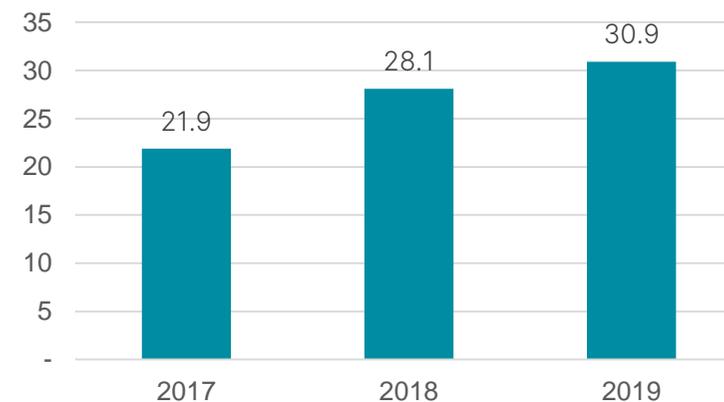
- Continued strong growth and development of the proposition
- Underwriting tightened in Q4 2019 and collections processes strengthened
- FCA investigation into affordability, forbearance and termination options completed
- Securitisation of receivables book
- Moved into new premises to support future growth

moneybarn
Vehicle Finance

Receivables (£m)



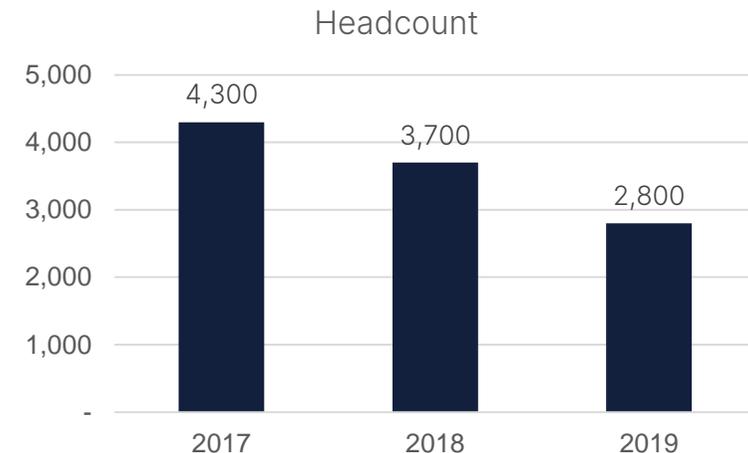
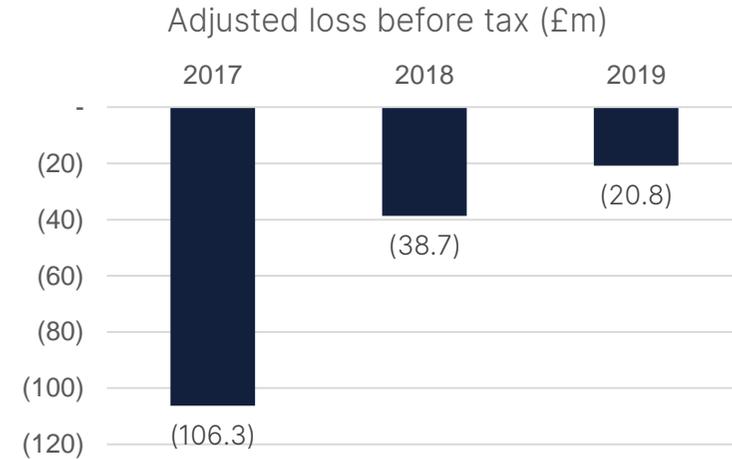
Adjusted PBT (£m)



Operational progress – CCD

- Revised sales processes following implementation of high-cost credit review
- Enhanced performance management and variable pay rolled out
- Successful test of Provident Direct
- Headcount reductions and ongoing cost reduction programme
- Introduction of card readers to enhance collections
- Satsuma customer onboarding processes being enhanced following dialogue with FCA
- Constructive dialogue with FOS in respect of irresponsible lending claims
- Working with HMRC on their industry review of self-employed status of agents

Provident satsuma.



Financial review

Simon Thomas
Chief Financial Officer



Group results

Year ended 31 December

	2019	2018 (restated ¹)	Change
	£m	£m	%
Adjusted profit/(loss) before tax			
Vanquis Bank	173.5	190.9	(9.1)
Moneybarn	30.9	28.1	10.0
CCD	(20.8)	(38.7)	46.3
Central costs	(21.0)	(20.2)	(4.0)
Adjusted profit before tax	162.6	160.1	1.6
Amortisation of acquired intangibles	(7.5)	(7.5)	-
Exceptional items	(26.3)	(55.3)	52.4
Statutory profit before tax	128.8	97.3	32.4
<i>Cost income ratio</i>	<i>42.8%</i>	<i>42.3%</i>	
<i>Return on assets</i>	<i>7.9%</i>	<i>7.7%</i>	
<i>Return on equity</i>	<i>18.2%</i>	<i>19.1%</i>	
<i>Adjusted basic earnings per share</i>	<i>47.3p</i>	<i>48.7p</i>	<i>(2.9)</i>
<i>Dividend per share</i>	<i>25.0p</i>	<i>10.0p</i>	<i>150.0</i>
<i>Dividend cover</i>	<i>1.9x</i>	<i>4.9x</i>	

- Restatement of 2018 comparatives for three changes in accounting treatment:
 - Directly attributable deferred acquisition costs in Vanquis Bank (increase in 2018 profits of £6.6m)
 - Recognition of revenue on credit impaired receivables and treatment of directly attributable acquisition costs in Moneybarn (no impact on profits)
- Significant reduction in net exceptional charges (see slide 9)
- Cost income ratio broadly flat despite 7.5% reduction in group costs – mainly reflects moderation in revenue yield at Vanquis Bank (target cost income ratio of 38% by 2022)
- Expected ROE reduction due to timing of dividend payments and progression to target dividend cover of 1.4x (ROE expected to be in target range of 20%-25% in 2021)
- Modest adjusted EPS reduction reflects impact of rights issue shares in April 2018

¹ 2018 comparatives have been restated for: (i) the change in treatment of directly attributable acquisition costs in Vanquis Bank following a refresh of contractual terms with affiliates in 2019 – this has resulted in a £6.6m increase in 2018 profit before tax, a benefit of £10.5m to 2019 profit before tax and is expected to result in a reduction of approximately £6m in 2020 profit before tax compared with previous plans; and (ii) the changes in recognition of revenue on credit impaired receivables and treatment of directly attributable acquisition costs in Moneybarn which have resulted in a reduction in revenue, impairment and administration and operating costs but have had no impact on Moneybarn's profits

Exceptional items

Charge/(credit)	Year ended 31 December	
	2019 £m	2018 £m
Bid defence costs associated with NSF's unsolicited offer for the group	23.8	-
Restructuring costs, primarily in respect of the ongoing turnaround of CCD	19.3	29.9
Release of provisions in respect of ROP refund programme	(14.2)	-
Release of provisions in respect of Moneybarn FCA investigation	(2.6)	-
Premium and fees paid on the redemption of senior bonds	-	18.5
Pension charges in respect of the equalisation of Guaranteed Minimum Pensions	-	6.9
Net exceptional charges	26.3	55.3

- Provision releases comprise:
 - £14.2m in respect of ROP following completion of the refund programme and a re-evaluation of the necessary provision (remaining provision of £11.7m at 31 December 2019)
 - £2.6m in respect of Moneybarn FCA investigation following receipt of the final notice (remaining provision of £2.8m at 31 December 2019 in respect of the fine)

Vanquis Bank results

	Year ended 31 December		Change %
	2019 £m	2018 (restated ¹) £m	
Customer numbers ('000)	1,720	1,773	(3.0)
Year-end receivables	1,461.5	1,495.1	(2.2)
Average receivables	1,459.9	1,507.4	(3.2)
Revenue	580.9	644.9	(9.9)
Impairment	(198.9)	(241.6)	17.7
Revenue less impairment	382.0	403.3	(5.3)
<i>Revenue yield</i>	<i>39.8%</i>	<i>42.8%</i>	
<i>Impairment rate</i>	<i>13.6%</i>	<i>16.0%</i>	
<i>Risk-adjusted margin</i>	<i>26.2%</i>	<i>26.8%</i>	
Costs	(177.1)	(176.4)	(0.4)
Interest	(31.4)	(36.0)	12.8
Adjusted profit before tax	173.5	190.9	(9.1)
<i>Cost income ratio</i>	<i>30.5%</i>	<i>27.4%</i>	
<i>Return on assets</i>	<i>10.4%</i>	<i>11.1%</i>	
<i>Return on equity</i>	<i>32.4%</i>	<i>44.0%</i>	

- Expected reduction in profits due to reduction in ROP income (£20m) and 2018 benefitting from accruals releases (£10m)
- New customer account bookings up 3k to 369k despite tighter underwriting and the impact of revised affordability processes
- Reduction in customers reflects closure of 65k inactive accounts and the sale of 56k customers on payment arrangements
- Receivables reduction consistent with the wider market, due to impact of adapting to regulation (affordability, persistent debt)
- Revenue yield reduction due to lower ROP income and a number of customer focused measures (downwards pricing, fee changes)
- Lower impairment rate reflects an improvement in delinquency trends due to tighter underwriting
- Strong focus on cost efficiency resulted in the cost base remaining flat
- Interest costs benefited from being fully funded with retail deposits
- ROE reduction reflects rebuilding of equity base following IFRS 9 and ROP provision

¹ 2018 comparatives have been restated for the change in treatment of directly attributable acquisition costs following a refresh of contractual terms with affiliates in 2019 – this has resulted in a £6.6m increase in 2018 profit before tax, a benefit of £10.5m to 2019 profit before tax and is expected to result in a reduction of approximately £6m in 2020 profit before tax compared with previous plans

Moneybarn results

	Year ended 31 December		Change %
	2019 £m	2018 (restated ¹) £m	
Customer numbers ('000)	77	62	24.2
Year-end receivables	502.1	416.4	20.6
Average receivables	481.5	395.1	21.9
Revenue	122.0	104.3	17.0
Impairment	(41.8)	(34.4)	(21.5)
Revenue less impairment	80.2	69.9	14.7
<i>Revenue yield</i>	<i>25.3%</i>	<i>26.4%</i>	
<i>Impairment rate</i>	<i>8.6%</i>	<i>8.7%</i>	
<i>Risk-adjusted margin</i>	<i>16.7%</i>	<i>17.7%</i>	
Costs	(20.9)	(19.9)	(5.0)
Interest	(28.4)	(21.9)	(29.7)
Adjusted profit before tax	30.9	28.1	10.0
<i>Cost income ratio</i>	<i>17.1%</i>	<i>19.1%</i>	
<i>Return on assets</i>	<i>10.0%</i>	<i>10.3%</i>	

- Increase in adjusted profit reflects continued strong growth in customers and receivables
- Growth in new business volumes of 30% and receivables growth of 21%
- Impairment rate unchanged with underwriting tightened in response to a modest increase in the flow-through of defaults following the stronger than forecast growth during the year
- Underlying cost growth of 15%, after excluding the benefit of a VAT recovery of £2m
- Interest costs increase reflects higher cost of funding the non-bank segment of the group as Vanquis Bank is fully funded with retail deposits

¹ 2018 comparatives have been restated for the changes in recognition of revenue on credit impaired receivables and treatment of directly attributable acquisition costs which have resulted in a reduction in revenue, impairment and administration and operating costs but have had no impact on Moneybarn's profits

CCD results

	Year ended 31 December		
	2019 £m	2018 £m	Change %
Customer numbers ('000)	522	560	(6.8)
Year-end receivables	249.0	292.5	(14.9)
Average receivables	247.3	296.2	(16.5)
Revenue	295.4	342.2	(13.7)
Impairment	(96.2)	(120.8)	20.4
Revenue less impairment	199.2	221.4	(10.0)
<i>Revenue yield</i>	<i>119.5%</i>	<i>115.5%</i>	
<i>Impairment rate</i>	<i>39.0%</i>	<i>40.8%</i>	
<i>Risk-adjusted margin</i>	<i>80.5%</i>	<i>74.7%</i>	
Costs	(210.3)	(244.7)	14.1
Interest	(9.7)	(15.4)	37.0
Adjusted loss before tax	(20.8)	(38.7)	46.3
<i>Cost income ratio</i>	<i>71.2%</i>	<i>71.5%</i>	
<i>Return on assets</i>	<i>(3.6%)</i>	<i>(6.4%)</i>	

- Significant reduction in adjusted loss reflects continued improvement in new customer acquisition, collections performance and cost efficiency
- Reduction in customer numbers and receivables now beginning to stabilise
- Risk-adjusted margin of 80.5% within target range for CCD of 80% to 85%
- Reduction in the cost base due to headcount reductions and tight cost control which has resulted in the annualised cost run rate entering 2020 at around £200m
- Interest costs reduced due to a more balanced allocation of funding costs between CCD and Moneybarn now that Vanquis Bank is fully funded with retail deposits

Diversifying and lowering the cost of funding

	At 31 Dec 2019 actual £m	Proforma post-securitisation £m
Vanquis Bank:		
Retail deposits	1,345	1,345
Non-bank group:		
Bank facility	235	211
Bonds and other borrowings:		
- Senior 7.0% public bond maturing in 2023	250	250
- M&G term loan	50	-
- Retail bonds	150	150
Moneybarn securitisation ¹	-	275
Total committed facilities available of the non-bank group	685	886
Non-bank group borrowings under committed facilities	616	616
Headroom on committed borrowing facilities of the non-bank group	69	270

- Moneybarn securitisation signed in January 2020:
 - £100m initial funding growing to £275m over next 18 months
 - Bank facility reduced from £235m to £211m
 - M&G loan facility repaid
- Group has sufficient facilities to fund growth and contractual maturities until mid-2022
- Continuing to explore:
 - Retail deposits funding some element of Moneybarn
 - Securitisation of Vanquis Bank receivables
 - Diversifying funding within Vanquis Bank into instant access deposits
 - Other bonds, private placements and potentially a tier 2 instrument
 - Improved liquidity management of the liquid assets buffer

¹ Current facility is £100m progressively increasing to £275m over the next 18 months

Robust regulatory capital base

Regulatory capital headroom reconciliation – 12 months ending 31 Dec 2019

	£m
Regulatory capital headroom at 1 Jan 2019	96
Year 2 IFRS 9 transitional impact	(18)
IFRS 16 implementation	(26)
Deferred acquisition costs prior year restatement	15
Adjusted PBT	163
Tax	(43)
Exceptional costs, net of tax	(29)
Share-based payments	2
Pension contributions	(3)
Capital released against receivables movement	8
Other (movements in deferred tax, intangible assets and leases)	15
Headroom prior to dividends	180
Dividends (accrued at 1.9x dividend cover)	(63)
Regulatory capital headroom at 31 Dec 2019	117
Year 3 IFRS 9 transitional impact	(28)
Regulatory capital headroom at 1 Jan 2020	89

- CET 1 ratio of 30.7% compared with fully loaded TCR of 25.5%
- Regulatory capital headroom reduces to c.£90m after third year transitional impact of IFRS 9 on 1 January 2020
- Headroom consistent with the Board's risk appetite of maintaining headroom in excess of £50m whilst progressing towards the group's dividend cover target of at least 1.4 times in the medium term and absorbing the remaining 70% (£129m) transitional impact of IFRS 9
- C-SREP process to commence in March 2020 with result expected in the second quarter

Strategy and outlook

Malcolm Le May
Chief Executive Officer



Our purpose: We help put people on a path to a better everyday life



Our purpose is underpinned by four strategic drivers:



Customer progression

We will build products, services and partnerships that change the game for our customers.



Human experiences

We will build enduring relationships by delivering experiences that seamlessly integrate the latest technology with our brilliant people.



Head AND heart decisions

We will deliver for our stakeholders by balancing: (i) data and insight; (ii) financial return and doing the right thing; and (iii) customer need and customer want, in order to build a long-term, sustainable business.



Fighting fit

We will continuously challenge our cost base, efficiency and effectiveness, and change our capability to ensure we remain the most competitive player in the market.

We have created a set of behaviours we consider are needed to be successful:



Be hungry for better



Put the customer on the team



Act like it's yours

Significant opportunities to take the group forward

Market and product

1 Growing markets and / or growing market share



2 Expanding product range, distribution and digital



3 Moving into other non-mainstream markets

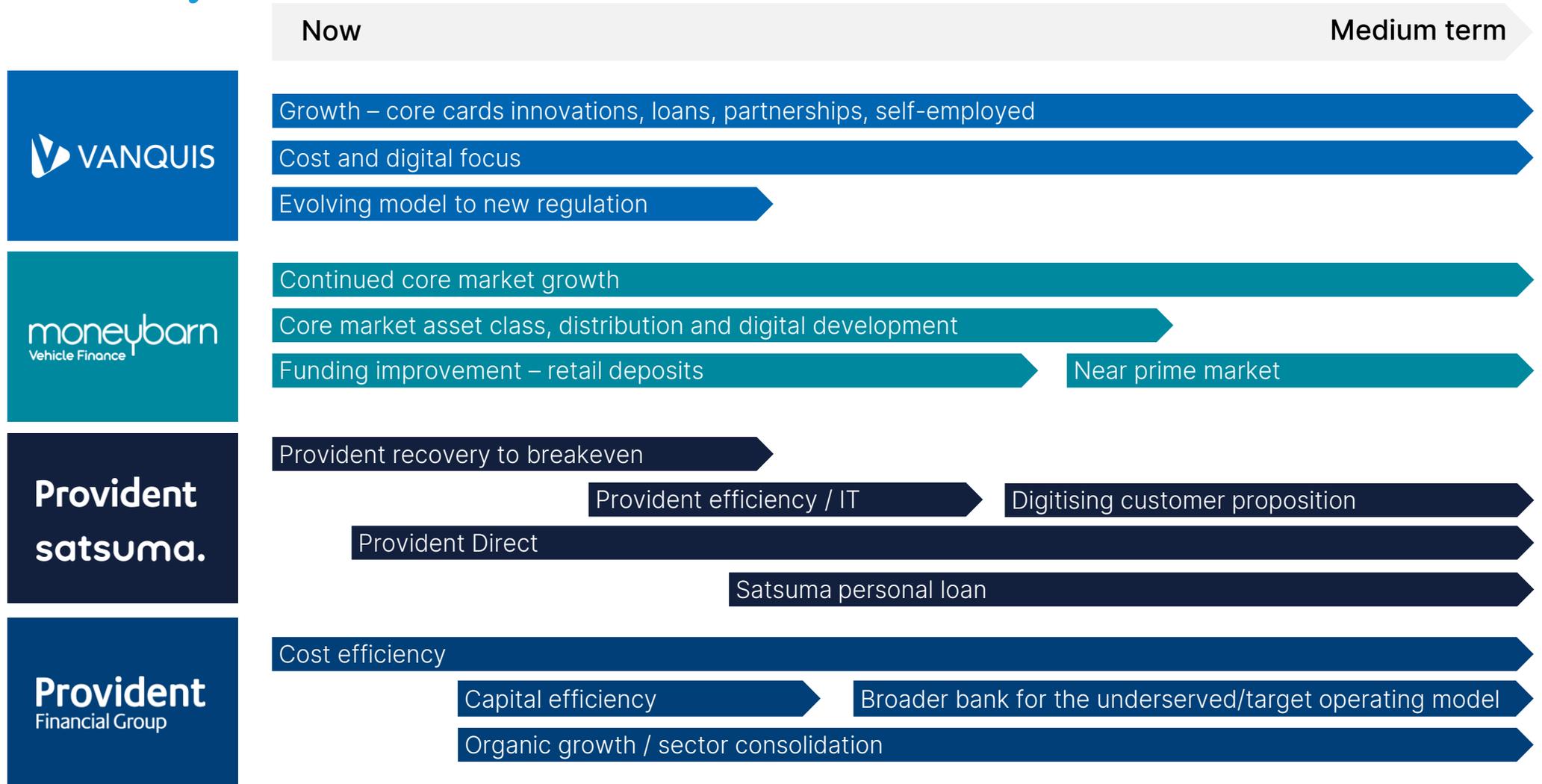
- Digital personal loans
- Near prime motor finance

Costs, funding and capital

4 Costs, funding and capital opportunities



Clear 'Vision for the Future' underpinned by a number of growth and efficiency initiatives



Sustainable, attractive shareholder returns based on medium term targets



	<p>Receivables growth c.5-10% p.a. over next 5 years (2019: £2.2bn)</p>		<p>Cost income ratio 38% in 2022 (2019: 43%)</p>
	<p>ROE c.20-25% in 2021 (2019: 18%)</p>		<p>Dividend cover ≥ 1.4x Evolving cover as CCD returns to profitability (2019: 1.9x)</p>

VANQUIS

	<p>Loan book c.£2bn (2019: £1.5bn)</p>
	<p>ROE c.20-25% (2019: 32.4%)</p>

moneybarn Vehicle Finance

	<p>Loan book c.£750m (2019: £502m)</p>
	<p>ROA c.10% (2019: 10.0%)</p>

Provident satsuma.

	<p>Loan book c.£300m (2019: £249m)</p>
	<p>ROA c.10% (2019: (3.6%))</p>

We help put people on a path to a better everyday life

Outlook

- Despite continuing regulatory headwinds, we are well-placed both operationally and financially as we enter 2020
- Collections performance and impairment trends have remained stable in the important post-Christmas period
- Focus in 2020 will be on progressing our strategic initiatives outlined in the CMD:
 - Rolling out Provident Direct
 - Developing Vanquis Bank loans
 - Delivering funding and capital opportunities
 - Continuing to improve our cost efficiency through digitisation
- We will maintain a relentless focus on adapting to evolving customer needs and working closely with the regulator
- The economic outlook post Brexit remains uncertain and we need to see the full impact of the persistent debt regulation on receivables growth and impairment in Vanquis Bank
- However, our actions in 2019, and our strong funding and capital positions, give confidence that we will continue to make good progress towards our medium-term financial targets in 2020

Questions

- [Glossary of definitions](#)
- [Contacts](#)



Glossary of definitions

- **Adjusted profit before tax** - Profit before tax prior to the amortisation of acquisition intangibles and exceptional items
- **Average receivables** - Average of month end receivables for the 12 months ended 31 December
- **Revenue yield** - Revenue as a percentage of average receivables for the 12 months ended 31 December
- **Impairment rate** - Impairment as a percentage of average receivables for the 12 months ended 31 December
- **Risk-adjusted margin** - Revenue less impairment as a percentage of average receivables for the 12 months ended 31 December
- **Cost income ratio** – Costs, prior to the amortisation of acquisition intangibles and exceptional items, as a percentage of revenue for the 12 months ended 31 December
- **Return on assets** - Adjusted profit before interest after tax as a percentage of average receivables for the 12 months ended 31 December
- **Return on equity** - Adjusted profit after tax as a percentage of average equity for the 12 months ended 31 December. 2018 average equity has been restated as though the rights issue proceeds had been received on 1 January 2018

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